The conditional growth suppressor *E7.25d.7* is an allele of the sterile-20 kinase *misshapen*

Evan Kiely^{1,2} and Melissa Gilbert-Ross^{1§}

¹Department of Hematology and Medical Oncology, Emory University School of Medicine

²Present address: Winship Data and Technology Applications Shared Resource, Winship Cancer Institute of Emory University

[§]To whom correspondence should be addressed: mmgilbe@emory.edu

Abstract

The notion of a two-hit or multi-hit model of carcinogenesis dates to at least the 1970's and work done by Alfred Knudson. This concept was considered in the design and execution of a previous FLP/FRT screen in *Drosophila melanogaster* for conditional growth suppressors. During the course of this work, the lethal allele *E7.25D.7* was identified as being of phenotypic interest. Here we report the genetic mapping of *E7.25D.7*, an allele of the sterile-20 kinase *misshapen* (*msn*).

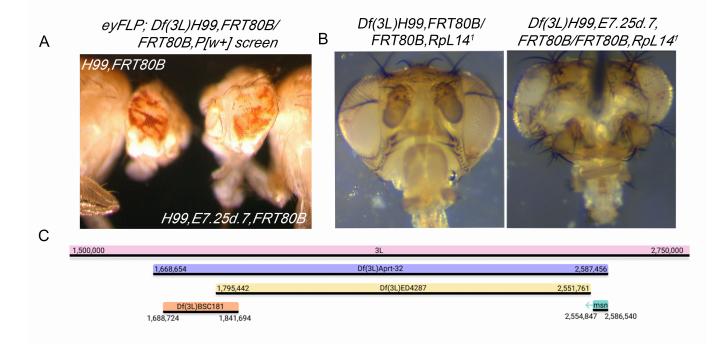


Figure 1. *E7.25d.7* **synergizes with a block in cell death to override organ size control and maps to the** *msn* **locus:** (A) Representative brightfield image of mosaic Df(3L)H99, *FRT80B* and Df(3L)H99, *E7.25d.7*, *FRT80B* eyes from the original w>r screen (B) Representative brightfield images of eyes/head capsule from Df(3L)H99, *FRT80B*/*RpL14*¹ and Df(3L)H99, *E7.25d.7*/*RpL14*¹ flies Surviving *RpL14*¹ tissue is marked by w^{+mC} and all images were captured at 4X magnification (C) Genomic interval and deficiencies used to finely map *E7.25d.7* to the *msn* locus. These intervals, as illustrated, are uniformly scaled, and their locations are accurate both relative to one another and 3L. This was achieved using a standard normalization, with arbitrary minimum and maximum values (shown on 3L) chosen to represent the approximate neighborhood of the examined intervals.

Description

The lethal allele *E7.25d.7* was isolated in a previously described FLP/FRT screen for conditional growth suppressors on chromosome 3L (Gilbert *et al.*, 2011). Briefly, male w^{1118} ;; *Df*(*3L*)*H99*,*FRT80B/TM6B* flies were fed 25mM EMS and mated en mass to *eyFLP*;;*ubi-GFP*, *FRT80B* virgin females to screen a total of ~20,000 chromosome arms. Although most alleles from the screen were selected based on overgrowth of mutant white tissue relative to red wild-type twin spots, *E7.25d.7* retained a mostly 50:50 white:red ratio, and apparent cell shape and bristle defects (Fig. 1A). To test whether our *E725d.7* allele could synergize with *Df*(*3L*)*H99* to override organ size controls, we crossed *H99*,*E7.25d.7*,*FRT80B/TM6B* to *eyFLP*;;

7/22/2021 - Open Access

 $RpL14^1$, FRT80B/TM6B, a Minute allele (Saeboe-Larssen *et al.*, 1997), thus allowing us to create entire heads that were mutant for E725d.7 and lacked developmental cell death. Compared to Df(3L)H99, FRT80B/FRT80B, $RpL14^1$ control heads, H99, E7.25d.7, FRT80B/FRT80B, $RpL14^1$ heads were larger and malformed, contained increased numbers of thick bristles, evidence of necrosis, and tumor-like morphological abnormalities (Fig. 1B). These phenotypes had different levels of expressivity, with females consistently exhibiting the most severe phenotypes.

In order to identify the gene, Df(3L)H99 was recombined off of the mutant chromosome, which was then checked for maintenance of lethality. *E7.25d.7,FRT80B/TM6B* female flies were then crossed in single vials to males from each of the 77 stocks of the Bloomington 3L Deficiency Kit (Cook *et al.*, 2012). *E7.25d.7* failed to complement Df(3L)Aprt-32 (3L: 1,668,654 ... 2,587,456; Cook, 2016), but complemented Df(3L)BSC181 (3L: 1,688,724 ... 1,841,694; BDSC, 2008) and Df(3L)ED4287(3L: 1,795,442 ... 2,551,761; DrosDel Project, 2007) (Table 1). We obtained loss-of-function alleles for two candidates, *daughter of sevenless* (dos^{P115}) and *mishappen* (msn^{102}). msn^{102} failed to complement *E7.25d.7* failed to complement an independent allele of msn (msn^{172}) (Table 2).

Selected 3L deficiency stocks			
Deficiency	BDSC Stock #	Genomic region	Complementation Test with E7.25d.7
Df(3L)BSC181	9693	3L: 1,688,724 1,841,694	Complement
Df(3L)Aprt-32	5411	3L: 1,668,654 2,587,456	Non-Complement
Df(3L)ED4287	8096	3L: 1,795,442 2,551,761	Complement
Single genes tested within the Df(3L)Aprt-32 deficiency region			
Gene	BDSC Stock #	Allele	Complementation Test with E7.25D.7
dos	6845	dos ^{P115}	Complement
msn	5945	msn ¹⁰²	Non-Complement
msn	5947	msn ¹⁷²	Non-Complement

msn encodes a ste-20-like Ser/Thr kinase of the MAPK4 family, and alleles were originally identified in two independent screens for genes required for eye development (Xu and Rubin, 1993), and those regulated by the photoreceptor transcription factor Glass (Treisman *et al.*, 1997). The phenotypic abnormalities in the eye of the original *msn* alleles included cell shape and orientation changes in photoreceptors. It was also reported that *msn* transcripts are expressed in cells undergoing cell migration and shape changes, and ultimately it was hypothesized that Msn plays a role in cell signaling during cytoskeletal rearrangement. Msn has recently shown to act, along with other MAPK4-family kinases, to phosphorylate the Hippo pathway kinase Warts (Wts) to restrict Yorkie (Yki) activity (Meng *et al.*, 2015; Li *et al.*, 2015). Importantly, Msn activity is partially redundant to both Wts and other MAPK4 family members in restricting Yki activity, which could explain the conditional nature of the allele.

Reagents

Df(3L)H99,FRT80B/TM6B (Gilbert et al., 2011)

E7.25D.7,FRT80B/TM6B-GFP (this manuscript)

Df(3L)H99,E7.25D.7,FRT80B/TM6B, Tb (this manuscript)

yweyFLP;; P[m-w+]RpL14¹FRT80B, /TM6B (gift from K. Moberg)

eyFLP;;P[m-w+;ubiGFP]FRT80B (gift from K. Moberg)

Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center 3L Deficiency Kit

*w**; *P*{*lacW*}*dos*^{*P*115} *Diap*1¹. *Cu*¹ *sr*¹/*TM*6*B*, *Tb*¹(BDSC #6845)

w*;msn¹⁰²P{neoFRT}80B/TM6B (BDSC #5945)

w*;msn¹⁷²,P{neoFRT}80B/TM6B, Tb¹ (BDSC #5947)



7/22/2021 - Open Access

Acknowledgments: We acknowledge the Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center and thank Chang-Soo Seong and K. Moberg for insightful comments and helpful discussion.

References

Bloomington Drosophila Stock Center, (2008.8.7). Release 5 sequence coordinates of BSC deficiencies. FBrf0205560. Personal communication to FlyBase

Cook RK, Christensen SJ, Deal JA, Coburn RA, Deal ME, Gresens JM, Kaufman TC, Cook KR. 2012. The generation of chromosomal deletions to provide extensive coverage and subdivision of the Drosophila melanogaster genome. Genome Biol 13: R21. PMID: 22445104.

Cook, K. (2016.2.8). Estimating genomic coordinates for breakpoints of cytologically defined deletions. FBrf0231039. Personal communication to FlyBase

DrosDel Project, (2007.6.25). DrosDel deletion data mapped to Release 5.1 (updated 2007-06-25). FBrf0205060. Personal communication to FlyBase.

Gilbert MM, Tipping M, Veraksa A, Moberg KH. 2011. A screen for conditional growth suppressor genes identifies the Drosophila homolog of HD-PTP as a regulator of the oncoprotein Yorkie. Dev Cell 20: 700-12. PMID: 21571226.

Li S, Cho YS, Yue T, Ip YT, Jiang J. 2015. Overlapping functions of the MAP4K family kinases Hppy and Msn in Hippo signaling. Cell Discov 1: 15038. PMID: 27462435.

Meng Z, Moroishi T, Mottier-Pavie V, Plouffe SW, Hansen CG, Hong AW, Park HW, Mo JS, Lu W, Lu S, Flores F, Yu FX, Halder G, Guan KL. 2015. MAP4K family kinases act in parallel to MST1/2 to activate LATS1/2 in the Hippo pathway. Nat Commun 6: 8357. PMID: 26437443.

Saebøe-Larssen S, Urbanczyk Mohebi B, Lambertsson A. 1997. The Drosophila ribosomal protein L14-encoding gene, identified by a novel Minute mutation in a dense cluster of previously undescribed genes in cytogenetic region 66D. Mol Gen Genet 255: 141-51. PMID: 9236770.

Treisman JE, Ito N, Rubin GM. 1997. misshapen encodes a protein kinase involved in cell shape control in Drosophila. Gene 186: 119-25. PMID: 9047354.

Xu T, Rubin GM. 1993. Analysis of genetic mosaics in developing and adult Drosophila tissues. Development 117: 1223-37. PMID: 8404527.

Funding: This work was supported by National Institutes of Health grant R01CA201340 to MGR

Author Contributions: Evan Kiely: Data curation, Investigation, Validation, Visualization, Writing - original draft. Melissa Gilbert-Ross: Conceptualization, Funding acquisition, Methodology, Supervision, Validation, Visualization, Writing - original draft, Writing - review and editing.

Reviewed By: Anonymous

History: Received April 15, 2021 Revision received July 13, 2021 Accepted July 14, 2021 Published July 22, 2021

Copyright: © 2021 by the authors. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0) License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

Citation: Kiely, E; Gilbert-Ross, M (2021). The conditional growth suppressor *E7.25d.7* is an allele of the sterile-20 kinase *misshapen*. microPublication Biology. https://doi.org/10.17912/micropub.biology.000424